FOREWORD

Population dynamics have proved its importance in the development

of a country. Demographic statistics are inevitable for policymakers,

planners and administrators for planning of developmental programmes for

the national & provincial governments.

2. The most significant contribution of Pakistan Demographic Survey

(PDS) being conducted during intercensal period is to provide reliable data

on population dynamics such as its size, rate of growth with its two

principal indicators i.e. birth rate & death rate and as other related

demographic variables.

3. The present PDS report is the Nineteenth of the Series started in

1984, which provides the detailed information on fertility & mortality for the

year 2007 at national level with urban-rural breakdown. I am sure it will be

useful to administrators, planners, policymakers, researchers and other

users working in Socio-Economic and demographic fields.

4. Suggestions for improvement will be welcomed.

TARIQ SHAFIQ KHAN Secretary

Statistics Division Government Of Pakistan Islamabad. December, 2009

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

| DEMOGRAPHIC INDICATORS | PDS-2007 | PDS-2006 |
|------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Sex Ratio | 105 | 106 |
| Crude Birth Rate (CBR) | 25.6 | 25.9 |
| General Fertility Rate (GFR) | 108.0 | 108.8 |
| Total Fertility Rate | 3.7 | 3.7 |
| Crude Death Rate (CDR) | 6.8 | 7.0 |
| Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) | 75.2 | 76.2 |
| Maternal Mortality Rate | 254 | 318 |
| Natural Growth Rate | 1.88 | 1.89 |
| Life Expectancy at Birth | | |
| Male (Years) | 64 | 64 |
| Female (Years) | 68 | 67 |