TABLE 2.38 NET ENROLMENT RATE AT THE MATRIC LEVEL - BY PROVINCE AND QUINTILES

PROVINCE AND QUINTILE GROUP	MATE	RIC LEVEL EN	ROLMENT RAT	E (PERCENT) - PSLM 2005-06		
	URBAN AREAS			RURAL AREAS		
	MALE	FEMALE	BOTH	MALE	FEMALE	BOTH
PUNJAB:	14	17	16	7	7	7
1st Quintile	1	4	3	2	3	2
2nd Quintile	3	5	4	3	4	4
3rd Quintile	8	10	9	10	7	9
4th Ouintile	12	15	14	5	8	7
5th Quintile	29	37	33	16	17	17
SINDH:	16	16	16	7	2	4
lst Quintile	8	5	6	2	0	1
2nd Quintile	12	7	10	5	2	4
3rd Quintile	11	9	10	12	5	9
th Quintile	13	14	13	15	2	10
5th Quintile	26	33	29	15	7	11
NWFP:	16	8	12	9	4	7
lst Quintile	15	0	8	3	0	1
2nd Quintile	5	0	2	4	3	4
Brd Quintile	9	0	4	11	0	5
th Quintile	17	11	13	12	9	11
oth Quintile	28	25	26	20	8	15
BALOCHISTAN:	11	13	12	3	3	3
lst Quintile	10	2	6	3	4	3
2nd Quintile	11	5	8	0	0	C
3rd Quintile	16	7	12	8	0	6
th Quintile	3	20	12	0	5	2
oth Quintile	9	49	36	8	13	10
PAKISTAN:	15	16	15	7	6	7
lst Quintile	6	4	5	2	2	2
2nd Quintile	7	5	6	3	3	4
Brd Quintile	9	9	9	10	5	8
th Quintile	12	15	13	8	8	8
oth Quintile	27	35	31	17	15	16
			31	Ξ,	10	1

## NOTES:

- 1. Quintiles: Quintiles are based on per capita consumption expenditure of 15453 households. For details on how the quintiles were derived, please refer to Appendix C.
- 2. The 1st quintile contains individuals with the lowest consumption level, whereas the 5th quintile contains individuals with the highest consumption level.
- 3. Net enrolment rate: (Number of children aged 13-14 years attending Matric level divided by number of children aged 13 14 years) multiplied by 100.